dent of the Unit

ded States, do hereby declare and make that public sales for the disposal by to law) of certain lands in the termissouri, shall be held in Franklin, in tory, viz:

pe No. 46 to 52 we, and fract I in range 19 ip 53 48 to 52 and 2

21'l township 53 \$ 20 48 to 52 21, 22, 23 the first Monday in March next, for the ps 48 to 55 inclusive, in ranges 24 & 25

48 to 50 20 & 27 first Monday in May next, for the 51 to 54 inclusive, in ranges 11 & 12

51 to 56
53 to 50
14 & 15
the lands which have been, or may
ed by law, for the support of schools, other purposes.
I sale shall continue as long as may be any to offer the lands for sale, and no, and the lands shall be offered in regu-

merical order.
ment under my hand, at the City of Washington, this 17th day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

JAMES MONROE.

by the President:

JOSIAN MEIGS,

Commissioner of the General Land Office.

risters who are authorized to publish the softhe United States will publish the above when the first of May pext, and send a hills to the General Land office for payth.

August 7-38t

the President of the United States.

WHEREAS, by an act of Congress, passed on the 12th December, 1811, entitled an act extending the time for opening the exeral Land Offices established in the territory of Oricans," the President of the United tates is authorised to cause the Land Offices a the said territory, (now state of Louisiana) on the opened, and the land offered for sale. efore, I, JAMES MONROE, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales shall be held at Ope-louss, in the state of Louisiana, for the dispo-sal of the following lands, agreeably to law, in the western land district of Louisiana, viz.

On the first Monday in December next, for the sale of Townships, No. land 2 South of the base line in \$\begin{cases} 1 2 3 4 5 6 \\ 1 2 3 4 5 6 \\ 3 \\ North & Ranges. \end{cases} \begin{cases} \lambda 2 3 4 5 6 \\ 3 \\ Vest of the principal meridian. \\ On the first Monday in February next, for the sale of Townshing.

south Of the base line in Ranges 3456 678 9 10 south

West of the principal meridian.
Excepting the land reserved by law for the support of schools, and for other purposes. Each ale shall continue open for three weeks and so longer, and the sales shall be in regular nucal order... iven under my hand, at the City of Wash-

ington, the 20th day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

JAMES MONROE.

By the President. JOSEAN MESGS; sioner of the General Land Office.

The printers of newspapers who are authorised to publish the laws of the United States, (in the states south and west of Pennsylvania) will insert the above once a week till the fast Monday in December next, and send deir accounts to the General Land Office for having the send of t

A Map of the above Land District is prepared g, and will be for sale at Opelousas, and at General Land Office, by

JOHN GARDINER, Ch. Clk.

Printers who publish this notice with the relamation, will be fornished with a map.

## by the President of the United States.

Wannas, By an act of Congress, passed on the 3d of March, 1815, entitled, "an act to side for the ascertaining and surveying of boundary lines fixed by the treaty with the cek ladians, and for other purposes," the eadent of the United States is authorised to offered for sale when surveyed:

United States, do hereby declare and make town, that rublic sales for the disposal (a-reably to law) of certain lands in the Ala-ma territory, shall be held at Milledgeville,

On the first Monday in October next, for the of town lots, in the town of Cairaba, in the said territory, situate at the junction of the river Alabama and Cahaba.

On the third Monday in October next, for the sale of townships, 13, 14, 15, 16, in ranges 9, 16, 11, 12, 13, 15; and of townships 14, 15, 16, in ranges 14 and 16 of the land district in Alabama territory, directed by law to be sold

A Map of the above district, and a plan of the town of Cahaba, will be engraved as specify as practicable, for

JOHN GARDINER,

Chief Clerk, General Land Office,
and sold by him at Milledgeville. Printers
the laws who publish this notice shall have opics.

June 12—16t the President of the Unit-

ed States.

WHEREAS, by an act of Congress, passed on the third day of March, 1815, entitled "an act to provide for the ascertaining and surveying of the boundary lines fixed by the treaty with the Creek Indians, and for other purposes," the President of the U. States is authorized to cause the lands, acquired by the said treaty, to be offered for sale, when surveyered:

Therefore, I, JAMES MONROE, President of the United States, do hereby, declare and make mown, that public sales for the disposal (agree-bly to law) of certain lands in the Alabama stritory, shall be held at Cahaba, in the said critory, on the first Monday in January next, and shall continue for three weeks, during which time will be offered for sale a malaba numbered 2 to 16 inclusive in range 5 ownships numbered 9 to 16 inclusive in range 9 to 16 in 10 to 16 in

10 to 16

Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, the seven centh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

AMES MONROE.

J. MEIGS, Commisssioner of the General Land Office

Printers who are authorized to publish the laws of the United States will publish the above once a week till the first of January next, and send their bills to the General Land Office for August 7-21t payment.

### By the President of the United States.

WHEREAS, by an act of Congress, passed on the 26th of March, 1804, entitled an action for the disposal of the public lands in the Indiana Territory, and fo other purposes," and an act passed the 3d of March, 1805, entitled "An Act supplementary to the act, entitled, an act making provision for the disposal of the public lands in the Indiana Territory," and an act passed on the 25th of April, 1808, entitled "An Act supplemental to an act regulating the grants of lands in the Territory of Michigan," the President of the United States is authorized to cause the lands in the land district of Detroit to be offered for sale when surveyed; and whereas, a part of the said lands have been surveyed.

Therefore, I, JAMES MONROE, President of the United States, in conformity with the said acts, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales for the disposal (agreeably to ublic lands in the Indiana Territory, and fo

said acts, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales for the disposal (agreeably to law) of the said lands, shall be held at Detroit, in Michigan Territory, viz.

On the first Monday in July next, for the lands contained in ranges 9, 40, 11, 12 and 13, south of the base line; on the first Monday of September next for the lands contained in ranges 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17, north of the base line; and on the first Monday in November next, for the lands contained in ranges 9, 10, 11, and 12, north of the base line, excepting such lands as are, or may be reserved in said II, and I2, north or the base line, excepting such lands as are, or may be reserved in said district, by hiw, for the support of Schools, and for other purposes. The sales shall continue open for two weeks and no longer, and shall commence with the first section of the lowest number of townships and ranges, and

proceed in regular numerical order.

Given under my hand at the City of Washington, the 31st day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

JAMES MCNROE.

By the President,

JOSTAH MEIGS, Com'r. of the General Land Office Printers of newspapers, who are author zed to publish the laws of the United States will insert the above once a week till October next, and send their bills to the General Land Office for payment. April 24-25t

## By the President of the United States.

WHERBAS, by an Act of Congress, passed on the 3d of March, 1317, entitled "An act to authorise the appointment of a Surveyor for the lands in the northern part Surveyor for the lands in the northern part of the Mississippi territory, and the sale of certain lands therein described," the President of the United States is authorised to select certain lands, for scites for towns, and cause the said lands to be laid off into town lots, and the said lots be offered for sale—
Therefore 1 Lanes Monage President of

Therefore, I, James Monnes, President of the United States, do hereby declare and coake known, that public sales for the disposal of the lots in the town of Marathon, (heretofore called Milton's Bluff) on the South bank of the river Tennessee (neartholice) of bank of the river Tennessee, (near the lead of the Muscle Shoals) in Alabama territory shall

#### By the President of the United States.

have been surveyed in the territory, to be oftered for sale:

Therefore, I, James Mownes, President of the United States do hereby declare and make known, that public sales for the disposal (agreeably to law) of certain lands in the territory of Missouri, shall be held as follows, viz. At St. Louis, in the said territory, on the first Monday in August, October, December, February and April next, and three weeks after each of the said days, for the sale of lands in the land district of St. Louis. Thirty townships shall be offered at each sale, commencing with the most eastern ranges west of the fifth principal meridian line, and proceeding westerly.

At the Sect of Justice of Howard County, in the said territory, on the first Monday in September and November next, and three weeks after each of the said days, for the sale of lands in the land district of Howard County. Thirty townships shall be offered at each sale: The first to be in a square form, and to include the seat of justice of the said county, as nearly in the centre as the situation of the surveys will admit, and the second immediately east of the first, and in the same form; excepting from sale in each district, the lands which have been

first, and in the same form; excepting from sale in each district, the lands which have been or may be reserved by law for other purposes. Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

JOSIAH MEIGS, Commissiser of the General Land Office

Of Printers of Newspapers who are author, ised to publish the laws of the United Stateswill insert the above once a week till April next, and send their bills to the General Land Office for payment.

A map of the above Lands may be had (previous to the sales) at the General Land Office, and at the Land Offices in the Missousi ferritory. The map is now engraving for

ri territory. The map is now engraving for JOHN GARDENER,

May 22, 1818-45t

## By the President of the United States.

WHEREAS, by an act of Congress, passed on the 3d of March, 1015, entitled "an act to provide for the ascertaining and survey ing of the boundary lines fixed by the treaty with the Creek Indians and for other purposes," the President of the United States is authorised to cause the lands acquired by the said treaty to be offered for sale when surveyed, and whereas, part of the said lands have been sur-

veyed—
Therefore, I JAMES MONROE, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales for the disposal of certain fands south of the Tennessee river and in the district of Malison county, shall be held at Huntsville, in said county in Alabama Territory.

On the first Monday in July next, for the sale of the lands in ranges 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. On the first Monday in September next for the lands in ranges 6, 7, 8, 9; and on the first Monday in November for the lands in ranges day in November for the lands in ranges 10, 11, 12, 13, 14; excepting such lands as are or shall be reserved according to law, for the support of schools and for other purposes. Each sale shall continue open for two weeks, and no longer, and shall commense with the section, township and range of the lowest number, and proceed in regula umerical order. Given under my hand, at the City of Wash

ington, this 31st day of March, 1818.

JAMES MONROE. By the President,

JOSIAH MEIGS, Com'r. of the General Land Office.

Trinters who are authorized to publish the laws of the United States, will publish the above once a week till October next, and send their bills to the General Land Office for pay-

COPPERPLATE MAPS of the above lands may be had at the office of the Surveyor Gen-eral, at Huntsville, or at the General Land Of

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, ? NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the several acts of limitation heretofore passed, and which barred the al lowance and acttlement of certain evidences of public debt, have been suspended for two years, by an act passed the 13th of April, 1818, of which the follow-

ing is a copy.
WM, H. CRAWFORD, Secretary of the Treasury.

To authorise the payment of certain certificates

Be it enacted by the Sexute and House of Representatives of the Huted States of America in
Congress assembled, That so much of an act. AN ACT

atter respectively, fluar settlement certi, and indents of interest, which, at the
f passing this art, shall be outstanding,
presented at the Treasury, and, upon
ne being liquidated and adjusted, shall
to the respective holders of the same,
herest, at six jer cent. from the date of
t payment at interest, as endorsed on
tificates.

Spaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN GARLLARD, President of the Senate, pre-tempore.

Approved.

JAMES MONROE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

To the Propostors of Stock issued under the convention with France of the 30th of April, 1803, commonly called Lovisiana Stock, That one moiety or half of the principal of said stock, will be redeemed on the 21st of October next ensuing the date hereof, and that the same will be paid to the respective proprietars, or to their attornics duly authorized, on the day before mentioned, at the Treasury in Washington or at such Loan Office on the books whereof any portion of said Stock may then stand.

Information to further Given, That the interest due at the time of redeemption, on such part of said Stock as is held in Europe, will be paid as heretofore in London and Amsterdam; and that the interest on such part of said Stock as is held in Europe, will be paid at the same time will are proceed will be paid at the same time will are proceed will be paid at the same time will are proceed will be paid at the same time will are proceed and it is also hereby made known, That the interest on the moiety or half of said Louisiana Stock intended to be redeemed as aforesaid, will cease and determine after the 21st day of October, 1818.

WM. H. CRAWFORD,

Secretary of the Treasury.

WM. H. CRAWFORD, Secretary of the Treasury. May 15.-20t.

Treasury Department, Chief Clerk, General Land Office. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to the Proprietors of the old six per cent. Stock,

THA! The last payment on account of the Principal and Interest of the said Stock, will become due on the first of October next, ensuing the date hereof, and that the same will be paid on that day, at the Treasury and at the Loan Offices, having such Stock standing on their Books, to the Stockholders or to their attornies, upon the surrender of the original certificates of the said Stock.

It is further made known for the information of the Proprietors of said old six per cent.

of the Proprietors of said old six per cent. Stock residing in foreign parts, that in order to obviate as far as praticable any inconvenience which might result by reason of loss at sea or otherwise, it will be advisable to retain correct copies of their certificates authenticated by a Notary Public duly property. blic duly appointed.
WM. H. CRAWFORD, ed by a Notary Public

Secretary of Treasury May 1, 1818-22t



# JOHN BRYAN & SON,

Saddlers and Military Accountement Makers, Tronage which they have heretofore received from their customers and friends, wish to inform them and the public in general that they have just received from Philadelphia, a handsome assortment of SADDLERY, and have on hand a choice collection of Materials generally. From their unremitted attention to business, with the aid of some of the best workmen, they feel confident of rendering ample satisfaction to those who may please to favor them with their orders. They purpose to keep on hand, or furnish at a short notice, ladies and gentlemen's Saddles, of the newest fashions and first quality; Loopard skin Housings; Saddle Cleths; best Bridles, with Napolkon, Wellington, Nelson, Bradoon, Portsmouth, sharp and snaffle Bits; martingale and hunting Collars; best plated Stirrups, with spring bars; likewise a handsome assortment of the plain kind; Suddle Bags; Valieses; Portmanteaus; Horsemen's Caps; Holsters; Cartouth-boxes; Sword Behs; Waggon and Cart Harness, &c. Saddlers and Military Accoutrement Maker Cart Harness, &c.

BRYAN'S Patent Elastic Saddles, MADE AS USUAL.

As to the superior case and quality of those saddles, (when made by competent workmen) reference can be had to a number of gentlemen in this place, who have them in use.—Patent rights for sale for any part of the United States, except those cities countles and

						3 4 4 4 4 5 1 5
2004		S	CHE	ME.	4.45	ALC: HER
1	Prize	of 2	0,000	Dollar	s, is	20,000
-2	"	of J	0,000	35.16	is	20,000
3	23	of	5,000		is	15,000
5	299	of	1,000	- 13	14	5,000
12	n	of	500		<b>企業</b>	6,000
15	**	of	100	99	SP SA	1,500
650		of	50		一种	32,500
	Prizes Blank				291	100,000

STATIONARY PRIZES.

tled to the Grand Stationary Prize of \$20,000 The \$1,000 prizes, as awarded on the fifth and seventh days' drawings, to be each payable in part by 15 tickets, valued at 750 dollars—Nos. 1001 to 1015 inclusive for that on the fifth, and Nos. 1016 to 1030 inclusive for that on the

seventh.

The \$5000 prizes, which will be awarded to the first drawn numbers on the sixth and eighth days, to be each payable in part by 80 tickets, valued at 4,000 dollars—Nos. 1201 to 1280 inclusive for that on the sixth, and 1701 to 1780 inclusive for that on the eighth.

And the \$10,000 prize, as designated for the first drawn number on the ninth day's drawn with the payable is seen by 150 tickets value.

day's drawing. A list of each day's drawing will be published, and sent to the different post-offices in the neighborhood of which tickets may have been sold.

ACTUAL FLOATING PRIZES ARE,

1 Prize of 10,000 Dollars

1 ... of 5,000 ,

2 ,, or 1,000 ,

12 ,, of 500 ,

15 ,, of 100 ,

350 ,, of 50 ,

Whole Tickets, halves, and quarters, to be had of Thomas January, who is the Chairman and Treasurer for the Managers.

While the above Scheme presents a brilliant prospect to the purchasers of tickets, of acquiring fortunes without incurring much risk, the object of the Lottery is such as to inspire the Managers with the most flattering hope, that they will be enabled to announce, in a very few weeks, the commencement of the drawing. Every benevolent heart, whose sensibilities are alive to the sufferings of the paor, the sick, and Every benevolent heart, whose sensibilities are alive to the sufferings of the paor, the sick, and the infirm, and to the most efficient means of affording them permanent comfort and relief, will cordially unite with the Managers in the promotion of the speedy success of this Lottery. The completion of the Hospital Building, already in progress; and its preparation for the early reception of the suffering victims on misfortune and disease in the state at large, are objects which forcibly, and will not in vam, appeal to the hearts and the heads of an intelligent and charitable community. The Managers confidently rely upon these considerations, and on the number of prizes compared with the blanks, rendering the chances of obtaining the former unusually great, for a very rapid sale of the tickets.

ANDREW McCALLA,

ANDREW M'CALLA, THOMAS JANUARY, STEPHEN CHIPLEY, MANAGERS. B. GAINES, STERLING ALLEN, Lexington, Ky. April 24, 1818—tf

## E. Parmly,

DENTIST,

BEGS leave to inform his friends and the citizens of Lexington, that he intends to take a final leave of this place on or about the 20th instant. Those who may have occasion for his professional services, will please apply previous to that date at his lodgings, at the corner of Main and Upper streets. of Main and Upper streets.

Lexington, Sept. 11-2t\*

Will be Sold, On the premises, to the highest bidder, On the 15th day of October next, by virtue of an act of the Legislature, the

LOT OF GROUND, and its improvements, on the corner of Upper and Second streets, late the property of John C. Johnson, deceased. The improvements are a good brick dwelling house, two stories high, and various out houses, also of brick, forming an elegant residence for a family.

Terms of Sale are twelve menths credit, by giving bond and good security. The commissioners are authorised to make a sufficient title as soon as the money is paid.

STEPHEN CHIPLEY,
MATTHEW KENNEDY, Adm'rs.

MATTHEW KENNEDY, Adm'rs. Lexington, Sept. 11 .- 4t.

SALE POSTPONED. THE Sale of the NINE LOTS OF LAND,

and together with the SALT PETRE CAVE, situated in Montgomery county, ad-vertised for sale on Wednesday week last, is stponed until Monday, the 25th September inst. when they will positively be sold to the high-

SHREVE & COMBS, Auc's. & Comm'n. Merch't

Lexington, Sept. 11-3t Masonic Diplomas, FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

MEMBERS OF THE 16TH CONCRESS.

NATHANIEL HAZARD and SAMULA EDDY, the republican candidates are elected in Rhode Island to the 16th Congress

ed in Rhode Island to the 16th Congress—without opposition, it is stated. This is the first time that Republican members of Congress have been elected in that state for eight or ten years.

WILLIAM HENDARGES is re-elected the representative in Congress of the state of Indiana, by a large majority over Mr. Reuben W. Nelson, his competitor.

Mr. TEN CATE, lete Charge d'Affairs of H. M. the King of the Netherlands to the United States, presented his let-ters of recal on the 24th of August to the Secretary of State, and took leave the government. Viscount DE Quases, his successor, being prevented l indisposition from proceeding to Washington before Monday last, presented his credentials to the Secretary of State, at Philadelphia, on the 30th of August, and arrived at the seat of government the

New York, Aug. 15.

Lawrence Peinovic, an Italian, was convicted at the last sitting of the Mayor's Court, of biting off his wife's nose, and sentenced to two years imprisonment in the Penitentiary. In pronounceing sentence upon Peinovic, and pointing out in lively colors the unheard of cruelty and wickedness of his crime, the Mayor said he thanked his God, that although the crime had been perpetrated in America, the perpetrator was not an in America, the perpetrator was not an American by birth, and that this was the first offence of the kind that blots

the escutcheon of our republic.

Two corporals of the 2d regiment of infantry at Sackett's Harbor (Many and Varian) agreed to fight with muskets they appeared on the ground, with their seconds on the 12th ultimo. The ball of Many passed through the heart of Va-rian. The seconds are arrested, and a-wait their trial. What kind of murder was this? Thus honor descends to the

BALTIMORE, Aug. 14.

Some weeks since it was stated in this paper, that Archibald M'Kenzie was convicted of the murder of his own wife, and was sentenced by the court to suffer death. This miserable man was so strongly affected with the enormity of the crime he had committed, that he refused to eat; and, although medical aid was called in by the jailor, and every means used to induce him to take sustenance, he literally starved himself to tenance, he literally starved himself to

THE EXECUTION.

THE EXECUTION.

On Friday last the sentence of the law was executed on Wharton Ransdars for the murder of Abraham Carter.

The prisoner, with a firm voice and composed countenance, commenced singing a hymn, and when he had finished it, rose up and shook hands with those around him. The Sheriff told him, that nearly an hour more was allowed to him; but he observed, that he was ready to die, and did not wish to prolong the time. He was blinded—the rope fixed around his neck—the cart started—of his own accord he leaped off—and in a few minutes was in the eternal world!

COMMERCIAL BANK OF WIN-CHESTER. The Stock of this Bank has been caberried; and the following persons have been chosen by the stockholders to manage the institu-

tion:—
Chilton Allen, President; Robert Cunningham, Robert Clark, E. G. Browning, Zech. Field, Thomas Wornall, Benjamin H. Buckner, Silas W. Robins, and Henry Clay (of Bourbon)—Directors.

A hint to persons who come late to public worship. A pious woman who always used to

attend public worship with great punctuality, and took care to come in time, was asked how it was she always came so early? To which she answered, that it was a part of her religion, not to dieg

SITUATION OF SPAIN.

The following picture of the present deplorable situation of the Spanish monarchy, is copied from the London Times of the 9th of June. The information was derived by the editor of that paper from a consequence of Madrid. from a correspondent at Madrid; and if the one half of it be true, we must suppose the Spanish government on the point of dissolution. Though we have given foreign dates a month later, yet we think this article cannot fail to be read with in-

The political and financial situation of

Viedo. It is said that M. Pizarro has drawn up a manifesto, which he is about to have translated into all languages, for the purpose of being distributed over Europe, to expose those causes of complaint on the part of Spain which justify her in taking up arms against Portugal.

While these events and discussions which is a coing on, the interior of the court of the c quisite for conducting a war, a war might take place; but as money or cre-dit may likewise he required, the world may rest assured that the hostile projects of the Spanish government will long re-main in the imagination of those who

but here the proofs are striking—they rest on facts publicly known—it is only necessary to enumerate them.

The system of M. Garay, which appeared so sounding in theory, has crumbled into dust before the difficulties of its execution. All the resources of tax-ation are exhausted, and it is certain that the half of the taxes imposed have not been levied. The impossibility of raising them is so great, that the minister has flinched from the rigorous measures which had been begun to be employed. Every where are complaints heard-every distress shows itself in a most hideous aspect. All the public coffers are The army has not received its pay for three years, and the officers of the civil administration have not touched the 8th part of their salaries. There has been witnessed at Madrid, officers and civil servants of the public begging alms, and the provinces have even suffered more than the capital.

At Seville a regiment was in want of every thing, and the officers were reduced to the state of begging a dinner in the convents. In fine, their situation becoming intolerable, the colonel, M. D'Oniell, waited with his staff on the captain general of the province, to demand a part of their pay on account.
As there were no public funds, M. D'Oniell lent from his own private funds all that he could dispose of; and now instead of paying his advances, they are attempting to find fault with the step

which he took. At Valenciathe firmness of the captain general, M. Elliot, was able alone to calm the effervescence of the troops, who had not received any pay for three be given to them, against the express! will of the minister of finances.

At Cadiz, it was not without the greatest difficulty they were able to embark a battalion destined for the Lima expedition, and which had not touched any every where covered with the bleaching pay for three years.

The roads are less safe than ever .-Robbers infest every part of the kingdom, and there is no security without an es-

Every despatch of general Morillo, concludes with demands of reinforce ments and supplies of every kind. It is you voluntarily pay for liberty. Your but too certain that his army labors unsoil deluged with the blood of brave men, der the most frightful privations.

It is thought here that such a state of Garay must give way to another; and every thing for the good of your posthat this minister must resign his office. Iterity.

However this may be, as distress is a bad counsellor, the Spanish government, raise up and sustain some great genius, with a view of filling its coffers, has had for the consolation of afflicted humanity; recourse to several expedients which cannot be better characterized than by sta- destined to avenge the wrongs of the inting them.

of entrepot into the port of Cadiz. Some factors had in consequence embarked in speculations for Lima-but at the mo-

cree was published, it had not yet been put in execution. One may judge of the desolate state of the maritime com-

the desolate state of the maritime commerce, in a country where there exists no insurance office for cases when ships do not arrive at their destination, and under a government which has never made any return for its unjust gain.

The following is another trait which is not less remarkable than the preceding:—Some agriculturists of Biscay had, by virtue of a royal license, exported corn; they protested indeed against the minister's demand of dues contrary to the privileges of their properties. to the privileges of their prov but as they were allowed to en without being compelled to pay Spain is so embarrassed, that unless it were observed on the spot, no idea could be formed of it, and any representation that could be made would fall short of the truth. I shall endeavor to give you as complete a conception of it as possible, by collecting together the detached features of the general picture.

When we heard of the convocation of a congress of the allied sovereigns at Aixla-Chapelle, the king testified his desire to attend it.—He received no satisfaction on the arrival of their surprize, when on the arrival of their surprise of the unlading until they had paid these duties, which exceeded, not only those impossible to the consultation of the consultation of the consultation of the arrival of their surprise of the unlading until the

acongress of the allied sovereigns at Aix la-Chapelle, the king testified his desire to attend it.—He received no satisfaction on the point from the cabinet to which his embassadors communicated his intention. The cabinet of Vienna was the first which showed an opposition to this design, and England and Prusuia afterwards answered to the same purport.—As the opinion of the court of Russia admitted of no doubt, it was accessary to renounce this journey. The Spanish ministry showed themselves the more dissatisfied on the occasion, as they expected from this rapproachment an ancedisation in the external relations of the kingdom, which their own exclusive efforts do not permit them to expect.

It is not to be inferred from this that the boldest projects are not still hatched here—Thus, with the minster of war, they still talk of the re-capture of Buemos Ayres, and the occupation of Monte Viedo. It is said that M. Pizarro has drawn up a manifesto, which he is about the said that M. Pizarro has drawn up a manifesto, which he is about the said that M. Pizarro has drawn up a manifesto, which he is about the said that M. Pizarro has drawn up a manifesto, which he is about the received no satisfaction and the affair. The first the said that M. Pizarro has drawn up a manifesto, which he is about the consequences of his passing the

Spain gives itself up to puerilities which form the most afflicting contrast with the situation of public affairs.

The Marchioness of Roua had wished to marry the Prince de Lavel, son of the ambassador of France. The king oppos-

to be convinced of this we have only to cast our eyes on the financial situation of the kingdom. It is such, that if one were to describe it in general terms, he might be charged with exaggregation of the kingdom. This choice also caused dispute the charged with exaggregation of the king opposed it, saying that she ought to marry a Spaniard. She chose one accordingly. He was a young officer, equally noble and poor. This choice also caused dispute the charged with exaggregation of the king opposed it. in a convent, and the officer was put under arrest. It is not known whether the King will relent and consent to the mar-

Masked balls are severely prohibited push the rigour of the regulations to such a point, as to break up a children's ball, does not live with his wife.

grandees of Spain. Unfortunately, the suffering people have looked upon the ceremony with no favorable eye; and Accept, then, in the name of the peothe admission of a capuchin to a ceremo- ple whom I have the honor to represent, ny of sheer vanity, and of obsolete cti- the expression of their warmest wishes of Spain. quette, does not much contribute to res- for your future prosperity and success, their Monks.

SOUTH AMERICAN PAPERS.

FROM THE AURORA.

The Supreme Director of Buenos Ayres to his Excellency the Supreme Chief of the Republic of Venezuela.

MOST EXCELLENT Str-Notwithstanding the efforts of despotism and ignorance to conceal and destroy the renown of the heroes of South America, it mouths. He ordered a month's pay to spreads abroad like the light of heaven over every region, attracting the admiration and esteem of the whole world.

Invincible Venezuela! how much do your compatriots owe for your gallantry and for your sacrifices to that country, bones of the patriots, commingled with ed with laurels, our triumphant arms, those of its tyrants, and presenting, in its very ruins, a monument of self-devotion and generous sacrifices, holding out to all America a sublime spectacle, teaching barbarian Spaniards the fate of despotism, and your country the price which self-devoted, must forever be held as the altar upon which your unconquerable things cannot last, and the system of M. | courage and magnanimity have sacrificed

It has been the will of providence to and your excellency seems to have been nocent, to animate your country, and to A royal decree had granted the fight present to the world the inexhaustible power of a great soul, consecrated to the

good of mankind. In vain does the haughty and baffled ment of the expedition putting to sea, it | European attempt to cast a gloomy veil was notified that they would have to pay over the greatness of your triumphs, and not only the duties of clearance, but also the constancy of your excellency's chathe duties of entry, due only at Lima, Fracter. America and the old world are under the pretext, that although the de-laiready informed, that, under your fortu-

cellency's territory hospitality and kind-ness to the citizens of this section of the provinces of South America with which I am entrusted, who may vist your part of the country; as I shall conider myself honored in rendering every favor to the diplects of your excellency. God preserve your excellency many

Given at the palace of the government of Buenos Ayres, 19th November, 1816, and 7th year of liberty.

JUAN MARTIN DE PULVEREDON.

JUAN PLONESCIO TENAD, Secretary of War and the Marine.

ADDRESS. The Supreme Director of the United Pro-vinces of Rio de la Plata, to the generous inhabitants of the Terra Firms, in South

COMPATRIOTS AND FRIENDS-Hitherto Masked balls are severely probibled been deprived or use apportunity of making manifest to you the lively interest which we have taken in your vicissitudes and sufferings, as well as in your first and recent triumphs over the cruel despotthe oldest of whom was not 15, and who recent triumphs over the cruel despot-were assembled as a family party at the ism of Spain; but our cause being the house of the Dowager duchess of Os- same as yours, you could not have doubtsune. This lady is the mother of the duke ed one moment that we should have conof Ossune, all whose revenues the court sidered the result of your noble efforts keeps to itself, under the pretext that he with the same solicitude and interest loes not live with his wife.

With which our own would inspire us.

United in principles like these, if heaven will permit the accomplishment of our own would inspire us. to the practice of devotion. The queen, of the same despotism, and the same in whose pregnancy is now certain, went dignities, embarked in the same cause, through the devotional ceremony of nine and sharing in its common dangers, neidays, at a chapel in the city, for the pur- ther distance nor adverse fortune could pose of obtaining this result from hea- change our feelings and affections, nor ven. Lately, the generals of the Capu- the sentiments of attachment by which cins, and of the Hieronimites, have been we were animated; and we divided with and by their powerful co-operation, aid in covered in the presence of the King, as you the generous sorrows of your suffer. the erection of this sublime political edi-

tore the veneration of the Spaniards for and their congratulations for your eminent services, and the new splender with which the noble deeds of your excellency have resounded through the world; no homage can be more precious than the applause of a people who are actuated only by sincere affection towards the object on which it is bestowed. We are proud to say that none can be more interested in your happiness, as none can more admire the constancy which has surmounted the great obstacles which were opposed to your heroic courage. We expect every moment the agreeable news of the expulsion of tyranny from your soil, after deluging it with so much blood, and thus erasing the stain of having been so long subjected to the empire of such monsters.

The day must soon arrive, when, crownunited, shall carry from the extremity of the Austral continent to the dark centre, where the expiring despotism has its last rampart-peace, fraternity and liberty which are the only objects of our trials and fatigues.

Compatriots of Terra Firma ! Would to God that those happy anticipations and our efforts to realise them, may be the surest bond of our friendship, and that on every occasion which shall afford the inexpressible joy of saluting each other on so glorious a consummation, shall be the commencing moment of the establishment of perpetual happiness, and immor-

tality to our glory.

JUAN MARTIN DE PUEYRREDON. Buenos Ayres, 19th November, 1816.

Answer of the Supreme Chief of Venezuela, to his extellency J. M. Puteyrredon, supreme director of Rio de la Plata.

MOST EXCELLENT SIR-I have the hofor of acknowledging the despatch which your excellency was pleased to address to me, under date 19th November, 1816, which, notwithstanding the regret at its long delay in reaching me, has not dimi-nished the interest or the hexpressible of you.

the people of Buenos Ayres and the vard to us, is a happy ternal and generou

outh. Your excellency can assure your noble fellow citizens, that they not only will be received with open arms in the territory of this republic, and treated as members of our Venezulean family, but upon the still pore availed principal. of our Venezulean family, but upon the still more exalted principle, as members of the great American family, knowing no other distinctions but those of a common country, and obligations, having in all respects the most perfect unity.

Most excellent sir; as soon as the people of Venezuela shall, by their triumphs,

and happiness

have completed the great work of inde-pendence, by expelling the last of the slaves of despotism, or whenever circum-stances shall permit more frequent communications, and more intimate relations, we shall direct our efforts with the most lively interest to establish the American compact, in order that, by the uniformity of our political institutions, and their conformity with the best interests of all men we all may possess undisturbed the means of assuring happiness; that we may shew ourselves worthy of freedom and inde-pendence, and that America may appear, before the whole world, with that true majesty which is to be found only among blished in any nation that has preceded us.
United in principles like these, if heaven will permit the accomplishment of our wishes, America will not only be considered as the queen of nations. but an original of the considered as the queen of nations. a free people, and with that true greatness which is not to be found sufficiently estamother of true republics.

May I not then fondly hope, that Buenos Ayres, with her powerful influence will enter into this generous emulation. fice, the establishment of which has been the great object of our regeneration, and the sacrifices made from the first day that we raised our arms against the despotism

God preserve your excellency many years, most excellent sir SIMON BOLIVAR. PEDRO B. MENDEZ, Secretary.

ADDRESS.

Simon Bolivar, Supreme Chief of the republic of Venezuela, to the people of Rio de Plata CITIZENS OF RIO DE LA PLATA-Your brethren of Venezuela, pursuing the same glorious career as yourselves, ever since the determinations of the memorable 12th of April, 1810, had given to America the political existence of which the tyranny of Spain had so long deprived her : Venezuela has seen with joy and admiration your wise reformation, your military glory, and your public prosperiy. She cannot flatter herself with having equalled you in good fortune; but in freedom of principles and nobleness of object, we do not yield to any idea of disparity. In all our views and hopes we have been equal; but adverse events have, on two occasions, almost prostrated Venezuela in affliction. But only to reive after our disasters with redoubled resolution, and by a third great effort, after conflicts with the most ferocious and desperate of men, we gained a triumph which has no example in history for the severity of the contest, and the success and bravery with which it was accomplished. Eight years of combat against despotism, and of manly sacrifice, have given to our country the right to claim, though not the same good and infinitely splendid fortune, an equality in honor and independence,

The wisdom displayed by the govern ment of La Plata, in every department of its administration; its political transactions with foreign nations; its prowess in arms in the very centre of Peru, and on the lofty battlements of Chili, are eloment examples, which could not fail to determine the various provinces of South America to follow in the noble career of honor and liberty. Venezuela, notwithstanding the distance, has never lost sight

en that cot-1 sevens, 108; Bank shares

LIVERPOOL, July 27.

The refractory workmen at Manchester had not returned to their occupations.

LIVERPOOL, July 27.

"Our cotton market, which for some weeks past has been remarkably dull, experienced on Friday last a very sudden alteration, the transactions of that day being unusually weighty, viz. 5,374 bags of all descriptions, of which 4000 were Upland and 1000 New Orleans; and the business throughout was marked with peculiar animation. Notwithstanding this extraordinary demand, however, few sales have been made at an advance of more than ½ per lb. and even this can scarcely be said to have been generally realized. It is not easy to determine the motive which actuates parchasers, in this sudden change of their views; perhaps it may be two fold on the one hand—the expectation that the manufacturers will come to an arrangement with the workmen, and the demand for the raw material, which maist necessarily follow the resumption of their labors, and on the other hand, the reasonable contemplation that our import must speedily become very trifling. In ashes there is very little doing, and prices remain without any improvement. Tar is also completely devoid of interest; a sale of 200 bls. turpentine of middling and good quality was effected this week at 15s. 6d. We think had a large parcel been offered, it would scarcely have met a sale at that price. Rice has advanced 2s, per cwt. Quercitron Bark is at present of dull sale. Considerable business has been transacted in Tobacco, principally on speculation; more than 600 hids. have changed hands in the course of the week and prices may be stated at ½ per lb. higher. It is now almost certain that our "o ts will remain open for the admission of fi ur and grain until the 15th November; the turk week of the six preceding the 15th August, is now expired, and the average thus far is supposed to be about 84s 9d, per quarter. The average of the first week, ending the remaining three weeks must be extraordinary indeed to make the average below 80s. The demand at present is very limited, and sa

LAWRENCE, WILLIS & CO. Prices—Cotton, Upland, 193 and 214d; N. Orleans 7s 7 ja 1s. 11d; Sea Island 3s. 3d. a 4s.

The capture of Pensacola by storm is generally credited by the best informed to or from the Marquis of Her American merchants in the city. The letters received yesterday give the inelligence, without affecting any doubt on the subject. The British consul at from their view; but they wool Philadelphia, on mentioning the news, a most indecent manner for him states, that it is reported 500 American soldiers were killed or wounded in the assault. Assuming the fact to be as sta- through a mews into Herefor ted, which seems now hardly disputable, and took shelter in General Cha war may be considered as actually sub-sisting between the United States and Spain. to which place he was follow grossly insulted by the papulace Sir Charles and Lady Morgan

We have received an important letter arrived in Conduit street, from from Spain, by which it appears that house in Ireland. Her Ladysh Ferdinaud, having presided at several new work forthcoming, the pristate councils, in which the subject of which she will superintend due the Spanish colonies was agitated, con- stay. riers were dispatched to several of the allied powers-there is no doubt but that they related in some measure to the occupation of the Floridas by the troops

of the United States. By a Flanders mail, arrived yesterday, first Monday in August, and S ve have received Brussels papers to the Saturday last, being kept open list inst. A letter from Cambray states, weeks. Two ranges were offer that the commissioners appointed to reg-ginning about 40 miles west of that the commissioners appointed to regnlate the limits of the frontiers between is, and extending north from t the Netherlands and France, have concluded the boundaries of the two king- the Mississippi. The two ran downs between the Meuse and the sca, prise thirty townships, which come and that they have left that city to settle bout 700,000 acres. They run the and that they have left that city to settle those from the Meuse to the Moselle. that part of St. Charles county An article dated Vienna, the 9th inst. mentions that Prince Francis Charles (Napoleon) went, on the 2d inst. to Baden, to meet his august mother. Her majesty the Arch Duchess received her ty-five thousand acres were so son with the most lively feelings of tenderness. On her arrival she was visited by Prince Metternich, and many personages of distinction. The Arch Duchess is expected in this city on a visit to their imperial majesties. BRUSSELS, July 19.

A letter from Valencienes, dated the 18th inst. says, " the ridiculous conspi- sold. Many tracts of rich blo racy discovered at Paris, and in which only military are implicated, may have bad consequences by delaying the time of the evacuation of France by the allied army. This fear, at least, is entertained here and in the provinces occupi-

From the French frontier, July 17. "The Duke of Wellington returned resterday to his head quarters with his aid-de-camps. It is still uncertain whether he will go to England before he goes to Aix-la-Chapelle. It is asserted been run up in the south, have through

Plata | The republished that the first step to bough covered with over her self-devot-

Most important ppy to hear that so much in We annex a copy of what we under to be a circular order to our admira forcign stations on this important su and we have little doubt that the not be slow in carrying these instru-into effect, as they have been eyeinto effect, as they have been as of the interruption to which has been exposed by these and which we have been so ed to notice. Our renders we of course, these orders to make bona fide ships of any atternment whatsoever, but on who make a pretence of the merican troubles to caury on the day. plunder up a the trade and particularly of that trade is the most importantive

sary to prove the act so committed by such ah that the master and cre-mitted any such piratic be dealt with according

A paper of yesterday Monday last the carriag Highness the Prince I down in South Audley street, o A mob instantly collected, as the case was known to be the Prince's; the were drawn up, and he was himself. At length his Royal ! quitted the carriage, and made

SALE OF PUBLIC LAN The first sale of public land in itory of Missouri commence ri river to the mouth of Salt ri already settled, and where many sions had been madefunder the government, and where of cou land had been picked. Only al general price was two dollars a a few cents over that sum. In stances four, five, six dollars were and under some particular circu a few quarter sections went on and ten dollars the acre. Perl dollars, or a few cents less, ma sidered the average price of all were offered at 2 dollars, wh would take. The same gro have been cried off in the Ale ritory at 40 or 50 dollars on at wisdom of Congress in refusi the minimum price of public 1 dollars the acre, has therefore b exemplified in the Missouri ter

We rejoice at speing the ir and reasonable prices at which the P lic lands have been sold in this coun The excessive sums to which they have

The Editors of the National Intelligencer have promulgated a sort of decree, forbidding newspapers to agitate at present, the "unprofitable controversy" about the next presidential election, and denouncing all discussion on the subject as the "feverishness of ambition," and as tending to "stir up feuds and commotions amongst a happy people."

We have seen little or no discussion in any newspaper on the subject; but if every journal in the country had teemed with it, we have yet to learn the right which the National Intelligencer has acquired to reprove a free press for the expression of its opinion on that or any other considering the relation in which that paper stands to the present executive; We regret to state, that the Rev. Mr. HENRY has declined accepting the ap-pointment of Professor of Languages in Ten Dollars Reward. paper stands to the present executive; viewed by the public as the organ of the sentiments of the President, it was extremely indelicate in the National Intelligencer to touch at all upon the presidential question, much more to presume to rebuke or abuse other newspapers for publishing whatever articles they might SURGICAL. The operation of LTBOTOMY was performed last Wednesday on two individuals by Dr. Dudley; one of them a little boy, seven years old, the other a gentleman of Lebanon, Ohio, Major Phillips, about fifty years of age. From Major Phillips a stone two inches in length by one and a half in breadth, was extracted. publishing whatever articles they might think proper on the matter. We have ourselves scarcely bestowed a thought on the next President; but we hope that every citizen and every paper, that may wish to discuss the question, will do so ught there by a comprission.

A Farm for Sale.

A Farm for Sale.

While be sold, on the 25th instant, to the highest bidder, an ELEGANT PAR in the proper on the next President; but we hope that every citizen and every paper, that may wish to discuss the question, will do so without hope of roward or fear of property of the property of th 8th. At Springfield, Mass.
51 barrels of pork
107 bushels of pease or beans 107 bushels of pease or beans
133 barrels of flour
24 do. of whiskey
9 ewt. of soap
360 lbs. of candles
15 bushels of salt
240 gallons of vinegar
One-third on the 1st day of June, 1819;
ne-third on the 1st day of October, 1819;
and the remainder on the 1st day of Februares 1820. this worthy gentleman will be speedily restored; both patients are getting well. The operation for stone in the bladder is pronounced by the celebrated surgeon of Edinburg, Mr. John Bell, to be the most will be given by

brought there by series ctable merchants strated with the memorial, about dangerous conse-"Washington City, Sept. 5. the sole cause of a whole week passin over without communicating with you. But you have long since learned, that this is the season of the year, in which, of all others, the least transpires, in relation to public concerns. America, at peace with all the world, and blessed with the amplitude of her own resources, reposes in the calm sunshine of peace and plenty. The depredations of Old Spain are not felt by the mass of the community; and may therefore be deferred without jeopardy to the administration, till the result of future negotiations shall

his traffic, so o-

ke. The gov-

t has put St. Barts in Some of the Independent to lately taken four vessels,

LOUISVILLE, September 9.

NETTUTION OF ILLINOIS.

We maris to be elected for four years,
51000; also, the Lieut. Governor to

Ohio has received new cranks and is

Moving Seam Boats are now lying as this place, and Shippingport.

suring, waiting for raise of water.

con, at Albany repairing machin cky, soon to take in freight. Madison, do. do.

indergoing repairs.

Shelby waiting for rise of water.

ced up soon.]

do.

g here) laden with

and destined from

SONVENCIE

determine the course to be pursued This, if I may venture to predict, will of the Senate.

The senate of the Judges, during good behaviour after the year is salary \$1000; and the Judges a council for the Governor nature are to be elected quadrenterpresentatives biennially; and the manually is to sit biennially on the win December. not take place before December, 1820; unless the success of the republican arm in the south should so humble the pride of Ferdinand, as to render a more ener-getic demand expedient before that time. "When an indignant people, animated

mday in December.
skia is the seat of government, until
ment seat is selected.
r is not admitted. streamers, irresistible as the lightning of heaven, and the noise of their distant canry is not admitted.
Instances of the Legislature is to be
the first Monday in October next.
Instances Manison, Hamilton, arrived at
good on Saturday evening last, from
man, with full freight of merchandize.
Commenter came in sight of Shippingisonday morning; not being able to
make in port, as is stated, for want.
This is the same boat which was
the months since, as being able to make
New Orleans and back in something
ty or forty days. We learn she has
treen minety and one hundred days on
ap. non more terrific than the rolling thunder, cannot fail to spread dismay into the ranks of their oppressors. Such is the attitude which the revolutionists of South America have now assumed; and, convinced that the cause of freedom must prevail, it is strongly anticipated that their independence will soon be recognized by our government. They neither ask, nor need our assistance; but they will derive additional ardor from our sympathies, and to our warmest sympathics they are richly entitled. The benefit which they will derive from these, is already evinced, from the effect produced by Mr. Clay's eloquent speech upon that subject; which, it is said, has been translated into the Spanish language, and read with shouts of approbation, to their armies. But though Mr. Clay therein expresses the sentiments of a large majority of the nation, he is thought to have gone before the executive in that expression;

m Boots on the stocks in the vicinity of this One at Jeffersonville, 700 tons.

Two on Silver creek, between 3 and 400 tons.

Three at Portland, between 3 and 400 tons.

Three at Portland, between 3 and 400 tons. is sufficient to injure, if not to destroy Two on Saver creek, between 3 and 400

which, with the mere creatures of court,

important and eventful in surgery; within six months it has been successfully performed five times in this town. Rep. BALTIMORE, Aug. 18. The following circular made its appear ance in the Philadelphia papers, and appears to excite considerable speculation as to its probable effects upon the pecunary operations of the country. The the same that was adopted by the old United States Bank. COPY OF A CIRCULAR. Bunk of the U. States, Ang. 28, 1818.

Sam—I am directed to inform you that the acts of this Bank, which are made payable at its several Offices of Discount and Deposit will not be received at this Bank, after this

day; except in payment of debts due to the United States. Such notes, however, of the Offices, as your Bank may have received during this day, will be received in exchange to-mosrow morning.

JONA SMITH, Cashier. by the enthusiastic charm of liberty, rise JONA. SMITH, Cashier. in the majesty of their strength; their Office of Discount and Deposit, New York, Aug 31, 1818.

Be pleased to take notice that in pursuance if instructions from the Directors of the Bank of the United States, no note of that Bank, or of the branches thereof, except those which are specially made payable at this office, will, af-ter this day, be received here, unless the same be tendered in payments due to the United

MARRIED—At St. Louis, on the 15th August, James Mason, Esq. of Eddyville, to Mrs. Jordan of Lexington.
At Charleston, S. C. Mr. Barteett A. Downs, to Miss Emzadeth Ups!
In Baltimore by the Rev. Mr. Fenwick, Henri Aumstrone, Esq. to Miss Emilie Vale Lette, both of that city.

of the head quarters of that corps in V. ashing-At his residence in Westmoreland , bunty,

CHARLES GRIMES September 18, 1818-21 Land f

September 18-51 To Journeymen Watchmak9th. At Cartisle, Penn.
51 barrels of pork
107 bushels of pease or beans
138 barrels of flour
24 do. of whiskey
9 ewt. of soap
960 lbs. of candles
156 backels of card

10th. At Pittsburgh, Penn.

10th. At Pittsburgh, Penn.

85 barrels of pork

179 bushels of pease or beans

230 barrels of flour

40 do. of whiskey

14 cwt. of soap

600 lbs. of candles

25 bushels of salt

400 gallons of vinegar

One-third on the 1st day of June, 1819;
one-third on the 1st day of October, 1819;
and the remainder on the 1st day of February, 1820.

7, 1820. 11th. At Newport, Ky.

12th At Fore Hawkins, Georgia.
107, barrela of pork
223 bushels of pease or beans
287 barrels of flour

13th. At Platteburg.

13th. A Plateson 12. 128 berrels of pork
268 bushels of pease or beans
344 barrels of flour
60 do. of whiskey
21 cwt. of soap
500 lbs of candles
36 bushels et a. 12

600 Endow of vinces

50 do. of whiskey 18 cwt. of soap 750 lbs. of candles

ers and Silversmiths. GOOD wages and constant employment will be given to a steady hand at either of the above professions, on application to S. BRADFORD, Opposite Keen's Tavern. Lexington, Sept. 18, 1818-tf

Fayette County, sct. TAKEN UP by John Ryman, at his mill on South Elkhorn, one BROWN MARE, six or 7 years old, 147 hands high, some white on both hind feet, a small star in her forehead, has been shod all round, no hrands perceivable—Appraised to \$40 before me, this 16th June, 1818,

A copy. Att. J. G. Rones, Clk.

Water Proof Hats.

Water Proof Hats. Water Proof Hats.

June 27-[Sept. 18-6t]

QUANTITY of very superior COTTON WARN for sale by 1102.DEBMAN, PEARSON & Co. Cotton Yarn

21st. At New-Orleans.
1652 cwt. of bacon.
1110 barrels of pork.
4625 bushels of pease or beans.
3276 barrels of corn meal.
2500 do. of flour.
1036 do. of whiskey. 10.36 do. of whiskey
370 cwt. of soap
15,540 lbs. of candles
648 bushels of salt
10,360 gallons of vinegar
One-fourth on the 1st day of June, 181
one-fourth on the 1st day of December, 181
and the remainder on the 1st day of Marc
1820.

Pork, pease, beans, flour, whiskey, salt and vinegar, must be delivered in strong and secure vessels; and the soap and cardies in boxes of a convenient size for transportation.

The privilege is reserved to the United States of increasing or diminishing the quantities to be delivered, and of changing the periods of delivery; on giving, previously, sixty days' notice to the contractors.

The contractors to be hable for the expenses of inspection, and for the safe delivery, at such store houses as may be designated by the Units ed States, at the several depots.

By order of the Secretary of War.

C. VANDEVENTER,

Acting Commissary of Subsistence!

September 18-9t 15 bushels of salt
240 gallons of vinegar
One-third on the 1st day of June, 1819
ne-third on the 1st day of October, 1819
nd the remainder on the 1st day of Februa-

Wines, Mackarel, &c. BRADFORD has just received per ste boat Kentucky, and offers for sale, Madeira and WINES. Claret. SWILL EAS. MOLASSES

Work, Market, Clothes & Fancy HASKI Together with a very general assortment of Graceries; of the first quality.

11th. At Nowport, Ky.
64 barrels of pork
134 bushels of pease of beans
172 barrels of flour
30 do. of whiskey
11 cwt. of soap
430 lbs. of candles
12 bushels of salt
300 gullons of vinegar
One-third on the 1st day of June, 1819;
methird on the 1st day of October, 1819;
mid the remainder on the 1st day of February, 1890. Take Notice.

THE subscriber (residing at Sanders's Pac-tory, 2 indies from texington) informa-the public that no has commenced the WEAV-ING BUSINESS, and will weave for all who-may favor him with their work. He intends Carpeting, Corerlets, Bamask and

Common Table Linen, Woollen Cloths, Sattinetts, &c. Be. He flatters himself, from his long experience in the business, that he will be able to give ge-neral satisfaction. 31 bushels of salt
500 gallons of vinegar
One-third on the 1st day of June, 1819 one-third on the 1st day of October, 1819 and the remainder on the 1st day of February

anders, Sept. 18, 1818-3t\*

Attention!

Attention:

THE members of the Lexington Independent Entlight Infantry Company will be punctual in their attendance at their next company parade, on Saturday next, (tomorrow) at half after 2 o'clock. Business of importance to the company will be brought before them on that day. 'Tie hoped no member will absent the series of the series o

GROCERIES. abscribers have just received and of a sale the following articles, to wit : offee, chocolate p and brown sugars

hacco, also M'quie's do
mon, shad, mackeret and herrings
dish, by the barrel
Also, on hand, a variety of Pancy Paner, to
ther with a few sette Handsome Views
We still continue to carry on Sign as
ouse Painting, and Paper Hanging.

DOWNING & GRANT.

SMITH & TODD,
cluster of their general descrement of GROGERIES, tassly revelved by the steam
costs of the agent of the steam
costs of the RECEIVING,
the steam boot Vessivus and barge Independence,

IFTY Hhds. best ORLEANS SUGAR 5 boxes Havana ditto
40 bbls. best GREEN COFFEE
5 puncheons best JAMAICA SPIRITS
15 bbls. MOLASSES 4 boxes BRIMSTONE 9 boxes FIN PLATES

5 bags ALSPICE
8 bags PEPPER
6 qr. casks London Part, Teneriffe WINE
1000 lbs. LOGWOOD 20 half bbh, MACKAREL
20 qr. bbls. prime pickled HERRING
25 boxes HAISINS, first quality
20 boxes haisins, first quality
20 boxes best CLARET WINE.
All of which they will sell wholesale cheaper han can be imported from the eastward—and by retail at a very small profit for cash only,
Lexington, June 19, 1818-6

New and Cheap Goods.

ROBERT A. GATEWOOD AND IS NOW OPENING, At his Store in Lexingtons EXTENSIVE AND ELEGANT ASSORTS MENT OF

MERCHANDISE, THE principal part of which having been selected in Philadelphia and Haltimore, by himself, from the cash houses and at auction, he will be enabled to sell them as low, if not lower, than goods brought to this market.

Lexington, July 10, 1818-tf

Wm. R. Morton, & O.

(In the Corner House near the Public Square, formerly occupied by W. Essex)

AVE on hand, a large assortness of MER. Of different qualities, which they will sell on liberal terms, both as to price and payment. Having made arrangement an with a Paper DRY GOODS LINE, GROCERIES, of the best quality, AND EVERY VARIETY OF Printing Paper, Bonnet and Book Boards.

AND EVERY VARIETY OF MARD, GLASS, CHIMA & QUEENS WARE.
Also, best manufactured PITTSBURGH NAILS, SUGAR, COFFEE, TEAS & LIQUORS, All of which will be sold on the best terms Lexington, Feb. 21—tf.

HUB'D. B. SMITH & CO. ARE OPENING A GROCERY STORE,

n the house lately occupied by W. R. Mor-ton & Co. at the corner of Short street and Cheapside, fronting the Public Square, in Where they will keep a constant supply of

FLOUR OF THE FIRST QUALITY,

CORN MEAL & BRAN, FROM THE STEAM MILL OF ROBERT HUSTON & CO.—ALSO,

Spices Cheese Almonds Spanish and ckolate Chewing Tobacco & VARIETY OF OTHER ARTICLES, Which they will sell upon rea for Cash.

They will also purchase a quantity of Wheat and Corn, to be delivered at the Lexington Steam Mill of Robert Huston & Co.—for which They expect to receive in a short time, a large supply of Groceries, from Philadelphia and Orleans. the highest market prices will be given. L.x. Feb. 27, 1818.-tf.

NEW GOODS.

Higgins & Pritchartt, Have just received, and are now opening at the Store, corner of Main and Mulberry street,, and directly opposite to Keen's Tavern, A GENERAL ASSURTMENT OF

MEBCHANDIZE, Suitable for the approaching season; which they offer for sale at very reduced prices. AMONG WHICH ARE

Turkey, Brussels, and Stairs Carpeting, A few sets Surveyors' best instruments, New A)ricans Sugar by the Barrel and Ret ALSO.....A GENERAL ASSOUTHENT OF CUT & WROUGHT NAILS. Lexington, May 15.-tf.

Elegant Carpeting. Just received and for sale at the Store of T. E. BOSWELL & CO. Brussels & Scotch Carpetings, Which they offer at a very reduced price.
August 23—if

William W. Howell & Co. No 167 Market street, Philadelphia. HAVE just received by the Ships Jane, Di-do and Hibernia, a large and general assortment of

HARDWARE:

Cutlery, Brass Ware, Locks of all kinds, Buttons, Anvils, Vices, Steel of all kinds, &c. &c. All of which they will dispose of on the most on application to me, assumble terms, for Cash or the usual credit.

July 15, 1818.

Aug. 7-6t September 4, 1819-54

LEGHORN BONNE

A SUPELY OF BLESANT WHITE CHIP BONN Jilicii she new offers for sale, a linery Store, on Main street where they are invited to call, a

> GROCEBIE Smith and Todd;

REMOVAL. Thomas E. Boswell & AVE removed from Short street, large and convenient store, corner and Mill streets, formerly occupied by Messra J. C. & M. D. Richardson, and directly oppo-site the Branch Bank of the United States— where they have on hand a general assert

MERCHANDIZE,
Selected for this market, which they offer for
sale at a very low advance.

And they are now receiving an elegant assortment of

SPRING GOODS, Purchased at Philadelphia, at very red prices. Lexington, April 17, 1818-1

Lexington Steam Mill. THE Proprietors being interested in the store of HUBBARD 8. SMITH, & CO. have declined retailing Flour, Meal, &c. at the Mill; a constant supply of those articles will be kept at the store, and sold on the usual terms. Any person wishing to get flour by the barrel, can be supplied on application, either at the Mill or Store, and Whiskey by the barrel, or larger quantity, can be had at all times. They wish to purchase a quantity of Wheat and Corn, delivered at the mill, for which the current price will be given. They also want a number of young Hogs, for which they will give a fair price.

ROBERT HUSTON & CO.

Lex. Feb. 27, 1818—if

SHREVE & COMBS, HAVE IN STORE,

Of Orders from a distance will be punctu

Tammany Mills. THE highest prices may always be had at the Tammany Mills, for WHEAT, and WOOD, in notes of the United States' Bank, of the Bank of Kentucky, of the Farmers & Mechanics Bank of Lexington: Merchants will be supplied with FLOUR, to sell in the neighboring towns, or for exportation, on favorable terms.

JOHN & THOS. P. WART, Lexington, Aug. 28, 1818-tf

Dancing Academy.

JOHN BARRAC, PROFESSOR OF DANCING,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lexington and its vicinity, that he will re-open a Dancing Academy, at his own Ball Room, so soon as a sufficient number of pupils are obtained, when he proposes teaching the Art of Dancing in all its various branching the how sets of extilling es, with new sets of cotillions.

All persons desirous of being instructed, are requested to make application to John Darrac, or to Chas. Wickliffe, and enter their names.

An EVENING SCHOOL will also be opened

The number of lessons and terms as hereto-fore. For further p:rticulars, apply to John Darrac, at Charles Wickliffe's inn.

Lexington, Sept. 4, 1818-41 LAND FOR SALE. THE subscriber will sell several valuable

tracts of LAND, in Logan county-one on ted river, containing about 1000 Acres

Of heavy timbered land, the soil equal to any on the river; the improvements about sixty acres cleared, dwelling house and other neces-sary houses, and the best Saw Mill, and seite for water works of any description, in the state and abundance of water at all seasons of the ar: twenty-five dollars' worth of plank and scentling can be sawed in a day, and a demand for more than can be sawed: the mill house i calculated for two saws, and very little addi tional labor will keep them running—say on sawer more, from thirty to fifty dollars' worth might then be sawed in a day. Three other tracts in the same neighborhood, of good barrens, timber and water, two of which are imrens, timber and water, two or which are improved, the third not improved, but is one of the best barren tracts in the county, containing about 400 acres, and known by the name of the Long Spring Tract. One tract of 400 acres, near the road from Russellville to Hopkinsville; on this tract there is a large Distillery, Horse Mill, and convenient houses, good wa Horse Mill, and convenient houses, good wa ter, good harvens, and a plenty of timber. I will sell likewise a large connection of tracts on Whippoorwill, containing between 5000 and 6000 acres. This connection will

bear dividing into many parts, having plenty of wood and water in every part, and is in the best part of the county for raising stock—the barren range is catenaive and excellent, and the land itself better suited to grass than any in the county; elegant stock farms might here be made. JOHN WASHINGTON. Logan county, July 28-[Sept. 4-7t]

A Stray. Fayette county, on Clay's road, one mile from the Republican Meeting-House, about the last of July, a BAY HORSE, 154 hands high, a bald face, the off hind foot white, the other has the hoof split, some saddle spots, supposed to be 8 or 9 years old. The owner can have him by paying for this advertisement, on application to me,

GEO. TROTTER & SON CHANDIS

for the present and apprinch they will sell anusus Included in the apportment naton Crapes, Ivist Linens, perfine Clothe & Cassimeros, Monroe Shoes & Bostoes for L

Bolting Cloths, Nos. 3, 4, 5, 4 & 7, Straw Bonnets of the latest fushions, LIVERPOOL CHINA. Lex. July 24-tf

Hope Powder Mills, One mile west of Lexington, on the Prooffs
Road.

JOSEPH & GEORGE BOSWELL,

AVE entered into Co-Partnership with
SPENCER COOPER, for the purpose

luring GUN-POWDER

SPENCER COOPER & CO.

Who will keep a constant amply of GunPowder, equal to any made in the United States,
and will sell on as good terms.

All orders will be strictly attended to, and
they will continue to give the highest price
for SALT-PETRE, delivered at J. & G. Boswell's Store, on Cheapside, Lexington, or at
their Mills.

SPENCER COOPER 2. CO. SPENCER COOPERS CO. April 10-tf

N. Porter & Co. TIN WARE,

HAVE on hand, and will keep constantly for sale, wholesale and retail, a general assortment of articles in their line, together with a regular supply of assorted PEWTER WARE, from their factory in Philadelphia. Merchants and others who have been in the habit of going east for the above articles, will find it to their interest to call.—Also,
For sale, a few of ROGERS's PATENT BAIANCES, with a variety of other useful articles, all of which will be sold low for eash.

Upper street, between Main and Bater streets.

Lexington, June 19, 1818-tf

Ginseng, Bear and Otter SKINS WANTED.

Skins. Apply to S. & G. TROTTER & CO. Lexington, August 7-9t

JAMES M. PIKE IS AGAIN AT HIS POST, PEADY and anxious to attend to the respective mmands of the Ladies and Gentlemen of U.2 ington and its vicinity, in the various duties it his profession.—Having removed his family to this country with an idea of coming a permanent resident; he is determing it strict attention, prompt challenge. thful execution of their orders are the ne ssary requisites) to merit their patronage, being already satisfied, that with this commu-nity merit goes not unrewarded. He has late-be added to his small stock of FANCY GOODS,

An elegant Assortment of

Tormise Shell Combs, ecomprising the Tucking, of tarious sizes, Long and Side, both orman and plain—a few very handsome Toil Hoxes—Gold Watch Chains, Scals and S. Cologne Water, Antique Oil of various erfumes; a few fancy Soaps, of the Orange dose, Vanilla, Jasmin, Boquet, Ambreand Eillet perfumes; Wash Balla, Transparent, Liquid, and Windsor Soap; the Italian refined Black Led Pencils, by the dozen or single; gilt Head Brushes; plain do, and Cloth, Ives's patent pocket Fire Works, Canton Phosphorus do.; Ivory and Pocket Combs; moroecep Wallers; Silk Purses; Gentlemen's Dressing Cases; Razors and Razor Straps; Scissors, Tooth Brushes; Court Plaister, &c.

Left of the oil Stock—a few elegant CLASPS, Cornelian, Mock Pearl, Jett and Gilt, together with Gilt Hooks and Eyes; Mock Pearl Beads,

with Gilt Hooks and Eyes; Mock Pearl Beads, for children, &c. Gentlemen's Crop Wigs, Ludies' Bandeans, Tiaras, Chisters and Frizttes, made on the shortest not First quality of SPANISH CIGARS, conadtly kept for retail.

Lexington, June 19-th

Blank Checks

JUST printed and for sale at the office of the Kentucky Lazette, CHECKS on the Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Lexington, in books, or by the quire. Also, Checks on the United States Branch and the Lexington Branch Banks

May 29-tf

BANK BOOKS. THOMAS ESSEX & CO. of all descriptions, ruled according to the pattern used in the Bank of Kentucky; which may be had at various prices.

Lexington, June 12.—tf

Blank Books. BENJAMIN KEISER respectfully inform public, that he has just received a of PAPER, of different sizes, and of the best quality, which will enable him to fur-nish Banks, Murchants, and Public Officers, with all kinds of Blank Books, ruled to any pattern, and bound in the neatest and bes manner, at the shortest notice. Orders from a distance will be strictly attended to.

May 29-tf

WANTED, WO or 3 Apprentices to the Cabinet Making business. Enquire of C. B. MELWEE.

On Main street, next door to Main-Cross st. LITTING JETER. executed in the neatest manner.

sh Segara,

5, at Philadelphia pri small advance, by re-tf

he centre of business, in ... For further partice

July 10, 1818-13 of Exchange

100

legant FRENCH ENGRAVINGS, different A few thousand IMPERIAL CIGARS. ALL OF WHICH Will be sold at a very moderate advance.

Lexington, Aug. 7, 1818-4

Blacksmith's Shop. ROLLEY BLUE

RESIF. CTFULLY informs the public, that he has opened a BLACKSMITH'S SHOP in Water street, near the residence of doctor campbell, and opposite the Upper Market-douse—where he has every convenience and acility to enable him to execute his work in

the neatest and best manner.

Every description of IRON WORK, HORSE SHOEING, &c. &c. done at the shortest no-

Lexington, April 17, 1818-tf

GLASS. A VARIETY of elegant cut and engraved GLASS, just received and for sale, by SAM. THOMPSON & CO. Which, in point of quality and elegance, does reat credit to American manufacture.

great credit to American manufacture.

They have also on hand a large supply of GLASS, by the bax, to suit retail stores, at the tate Pittsburgh prices, and carriage, with the usual credit for approved paper.

The above articles were all manufactured by Bakewell, Page & Bakewell, of Pittsburgh. Lexington, Jan. 31-tf

WATCHES. THE subscribers have just received, Gold and Silver Patent Lever Watches.

Among which are a few for LADIES, for sale at the Philadelphia Prices. ALSO, A Genera.

MERCHANDIZE, by Wholesale or Retail, at a small advance for Cash, or notes at a short date. TILFORD, TROTTER, & Co.

Sebree & Johnsons,

CORNER OF MAIN & MILL STREETS,

Nearly opposite the Branch Bank of the U.S.)

HAVE just opened, and will constantly keep
on hand, for sale, either by retail or whole-Sebree & Johnsons, ale, an assortment of DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.

BROAD CLOTHS, NEGRO CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, BLANKETS, HARD-WARE. CASSINETS. SATTINETS, NAILS of every des-KERSEYS, eription, &c. &c. They will also keep a constant supply of BANK, PRINTING, WRITING, LETTER, and WRAPPING PAPER Orders from any part of the country will be promptly attended to.

Lexington, Sept. 13—tf.

The Editors of the Frankfort Argus and Georgetown Patriot, will please to insert the above three times.

BOOK-BINDING & STA. TIONERY BUSINESS.

THOMAS ESSEX & CO. ESPECTFULLY informs the public that they have removed their Book-Binding and Stationery business to the aign of the Journal, next door to the former stand of William Fasex & Son, occupied at present by William R. Morton & Co. opposite the Court House, on Main Street, where they will keep a constant

Blank Books, Stationery and School Books,

Fon SAZE. Orders from public officers and banks at a distance will be promptly attended to—they having purchased a ruling machine, which will thereby enable them to furnish pubfic offices and banks with Blank Books ruled in the neatest manner, and with much more Lexington, Peb. 27 .- tf.

NOTICE

Shereby given to all persons, that at the September term next ensuing, I shall make application to the County Court of Campbell, Kentucky, for a town seat to be established, by the name of MARRISSBURGH, on the east side of main Licking, immediately outhoriver, on my land, at my ferry, on the road leading from Maysville to Burlington, or Boone court-nonse. Given under my hand this first day of June, 1818, GEORGE MARRISS.

June 26, 1818-13t\* Blank Deeds FOR SALE AT THE OFFICE OF THE "Kentucky Gazette."

Transylvania University.

to enable parents and guardians to avoid the heavy expense, and the long and distant separation from their children and wards, incident to remote institutions. To satisfy, in this respect, the just hopes of the public, has been the constant and earnest aim of the Trustees, and they will be greatly disappointed if their sanguine expectations, from the arrangements which have been made, should not be realized. The philosophical apparatus, belonging to the University, already donsiderable, is, intended to be shortly increased: and the Trustees confidently hope that the munificence of the Legislature of Kentucky, whose guardian care has so often been extended to the University, will enable them to make large additions to the small but choice collection of books which now constitutes the Library, as well as to supply any further means, suggested by experience, of improving and expanding the useful capacities of the institution.

The system of study and instruction which

ties of the institution.

The system of study and instruction which the Trustees have adopted, has been formed after the best models in the United States, and with the view to the substitution of a solid, useful and comprehensive scheme of education, to that superficial plan which is too often followed. Accordingly, the students are divided into four classes, comprising a total period of four years' study, and assigning one year's continuance in each of the classes. To obtain admission into the first, or Presiman class, the applicant must have a good knowledge of Latin and Geek grammar—of Virgil—the select orations of Cicero—Sallust—Greek Destament—Collectanea Greek Minora—Clark's or Marri tions of Gicero—Sallust—Greek Testament—Collectanea Graca Minora—Clark's or Marr's Introduction to the making of Latin—be able to translate Fnglish into Latin—understand common Arithmetic—have studied antient and modern Geography—and must possess a good moral character. But any student who is found, on examination by the Faculty, to be duly qualified for either of the higher classes, will be allowed to enter such higher class by paying, unless he comes from another college, (in which case the requisition will not be made) the tuition fees of the previous class or classes. For the accommodation of those who may not be prepared to enter either of the classes, a Grammar School, under the immediate direction of the Professor of Languages, is and will remain attached to the University, at which

tion of the Professor of Languages, is and will remain attached to the University, at which all the branches are taught which are necessary to prepare the student to enter the Freshman class. The students of the Grammar School will also be, as others are, allowed the benefit of the Commons Hall.

As there may be persons who have not, and may not be able to acquire a knowledge of the dead languages, but who may nevertheless be desirous of attending the lectures, provision is made that any such persons may be allowed to attend them accordingly, as irregular students; but they cannot obtain the testimonials of thorough education, which are conferred only upon those who have passed through the prescribed course of study.

The Trustees believe they may safely state, that, exclusive of clothing and pocket money, respecting which the prudence of judicious parents and guardians will make the proper suggestions, the whole expense of those who live in Commons will not exceed \$175, the college year. It will be somewhat greater to those who hard in paired boards.

live in Commons will not exceed \$175, the college year. It will be somewhat greater to those who board in private houses. The price of tuition in the classes is \$40 per annum, and \$30 in the Grammar School. Bond and surety, resident in Lexington, as is customary in other colleges, will be required of parents and guardians for the regular payment of college charges; or, at their option, in lieu of such bond and surety, \$50 in advance, \$50 on the first day of January, and \$50 on the first day of April, may be paid for those students who live in Commons, to be accounted for by the University; and one third of the tuition money in advance, one third on the first day of January, and the remaining third on the first of April, for those students who board out of the University.

Lexington is situated in a high, dry, and gent ly waving plain, extending many miles around it, the basis of which is a mass of limestone It is distant from any large stream of water, and there are no local causes of disease in or near it. The country round about it is one of the most fertile in the United States, furnishing cheaply, in great abundance, provisions of all kinds. No place is better supplied with pure and excellent water. It is perfectly free from any endemical disease, and no other town in the United States is believed to exceed it in healthfulness. The buildings of the University are erected on one of the most elevated and eligible positions in the term.

are erected on one of the most elevated and eligible positions in the town.

The Trustees cannot conclude this notice, without respectfully expressing an anxious hope, that the enlightened public will contribute, by liberal patronage, to enable the Transylvania University to send forth accomplished young men, of finished and comprehensive education, forming useful ornaments of society, and able and intelligent servants of the state.

By order of the Board of Trustees, ROBERT WICKLIFFE, Chairma Leccington, (Ky.) August, 1818-Sept. 11-8s

For Sale, FEW SHARES in the Farmers and Me. this office. Sept. 11-St

DYSSOUR

Chinn's Law Office.

S kept at his res ington, Ky. II o the Courts of F

A Young Man.

Lexington, July 31, 1818-tf

U. States Circuit Court. Notice.

ther of them fro further collecting or receive rities of moneys due to the const the said bill mentioned, or eithe And it was further ordered, that the persons therein named as shall act, should be and was thereby receiver, in the cause to receive at to his possession the joint estate, neffects belonging to the complaination.

fendants.

And it was further ordered, that up vice on the defendants of a copy of order, and of the certificate of the of the court of the filing of such the receiver as was therein directed, security bond therein mentioned, the defendants, and all others holding the should deliver over to such receiver the of the real and normalization, respectively. defendants, and all others holding the small should deliver over to such receiver the who of the real and personal estate, monies, see rities, account books, vouchers and deed and other papers relating to, or in any mann concerning the same. And whereas, the clerk of the said court hath duly certified, and the seal of the said court, that John Snead, one of the persons in the said rule in med, having consented to act as such receive hath filed the bond therein required—Notic is hereby given to all persons, holding anyjou property, estate, monies or effects, due or blonging to Alexander Cranston, Andrew exander and John P. Schatzell, formarly the ding under the firm of John P. Schatzell formarly trading under the firm of John Schatzell & Co. to deliver over such pay to same to the said John S Snead only.

The above named John P. Schatz ell have refused to deliver up the joint Real and Psonal estate in contempt of the at over me tioned order.—And having also in contemp of the same collected part of the joint mentand effects belonging to the said to partner of the same collected part of the joint mentand effects belonging to the said to partner of the same collected part of the joint mentand effects belonging to the said to partner of the same collected part of the joint mentand effects belonging to the said to in Lexington the purchase or treat with the said John P. Schatz for the purchase of the following propert (to wit) the dwelling house and for in Lexington now occupied by the said Schutzell; to acres of ground, being an out lot, purchasing said Schatzell from John Fowler: a pew the Episcopal Church in Lexington at a region of the Episcopal Church in Lexington at a region of the Episcopal Church in Lexington at a region of the Episcopal Church in Lexington Smith and the stock of the Lexington White Lea I Manufaturing Company: a quantity of C otton Baging, owned jointly by John Sm th and the stock of the Lexington White Lea I Manufaturing Company: a quantity of C otton Baging, owned jointly by John Sm th and

turing Company: a quantity of C otton Bagging, owned jointly by John Sm th and the late firm of John P. Schatzell & C o.

Jun c 26-21t

Abaycander Cranston and

Andrew Alexas der.

By their joint Attorney JOHN KEATING.